



WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 3, 1895.

WHEN a man who has not read, or who has forgotten its contents, shall pick up a copy of the Declaration of Independence to-morrow, the very first assertion he will see in it is that "all men are created equal." If he be intelligent, this of itself alone will be sufficient to suggest the idea that time spent on reading the remainder will be just so much wasted, for tradition history, the Bible, physiology, and his own personal experience have taught him that a more transparently erroneous statement could not have expressed in fewer words, and that what is false in part must be so in whole; and if he shall read it, through he will find other things that will increase his doubt of the wisdom of its author.

SENATOR ELKINS, of West Virginia, thinks the time has come when the country could at least afford to have a Southern republican as a candidate for the Vice Presidency, and nominates Judge Goff, of his own State, for that place on the republican ticket. The Southern people would certainly have no objection to Judge Goff's nomination, for his recently reversed decision would solidify them against any ticket with his name on it, and make the rankest Northern republican infinitely preferable. How he would please the North, is for the republicans to say.

IT HAS now been developed, and that too, by a Washington newspaper, that one of the reasons the board of trade and two of the other newspapers of that city have for urging the suppression of horse racing in Alexandria county and the reestablishment of it in the District of Columbia, is the fact that the necessary expenditure for the maintenance of race tracks in the county referred to, and the accommodation of the people who visit them, is made in that county, and not in the District. But in everything there are wheels within wheels.

AS ALMOST every body will have holiday to-morrow, it will be a good day for reading the Declaration of Independence. Many of those who avail themselves of the opportunity will know that if the causes assigned in that declaration for rebelling against the London government in 1776 were sufficient, the Washington government should deem itself particularly fortunate in not having a rebellion on its hands in 1895, and that the people of this country submit to governmental robbery with more grace than their ancestors.

THE LYNCHING in Maryland of the man who outraged and then murdered a girl, affords another apt illustration of the ill effects of the law's delay. The miserable wretch had been fairly tried and convicted, and the best possible thing that could have been done for him, and every body else, would have been his death by the law he had so grossly transgressed. The Governor, however, had stayed the execution of the law, and the people, to their own injury, took it into their own hands.

AND NOW the silver convention, even in Colorado, the peculiar silver State, has proved a fizzle. No matter what the cause may be, or by what means incited, there can be no doubt that, according to present indications, free silver coinage is not as popular now as it has been, and that, like the greenback craze, it has had its day. How it could ever have had a day, is what many people who don't understand human nature cannot comprehend.

POSSIBLY even the Governor of West Virginia, now, after the strikers in his State have prevented the industrious coal miners there from going to work for two months, may have begun to conceive the idea that the Governor of Virginia was not unwise when, by ordering troops to Pocahontas, he prevented a similar condition of affairs in this State, and that in this, as in all other cases, an ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure.

ROYALTY AND FREEMASONRY.—The Earl of Lathom, Pro Grand Master of England, in the course of an address before a lodge at "Trinidad," said:

"As regards his Royal Highness, the Grand Master, who, you know, is the head of all our craft, I can assure you from my personal knowledge that a true Mason does not exist in the world. It is not often he is able to take an active part in our meetings; he generally manages to do so at least once or twice a year. But every matter affecting Masonry, whether in England or in her dependencies, is referred to him, and he himself goes into that matter before it is decided. Long may he live to be our Grand Master! The Duke of York is not a Mason. I cannot tell you why; I do not know. We are forbidden to induce people to become Masons. He does not seem inclined to join, but we have another Royal Prince who is a true Mason, the Duke of Connaught, District Grand Master of Bombay, and Provincial Grand Master of Sussex. He takes a great deal of interest in Freemasonry, so that we have a very fine warrior to take the place of the Prince of Wales should the latter at any time feel it his duty to retire from his present position." The speaker concluded by again tendering his sincere thanks for the welcome he had received.

Court of Appeals at Wytchville. H. J. Simon, et al., vs. John B. Ellison & Sons, et al. Appeal from Washington county. Argument concluded and cause submitted.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, July 3. Race horse people here to-day say that though the attendance at the St. Asaph and Alexandria Island tracks is not as large now as it was a month or so ago, it is still large enough to be profitable. They also say that racing will be continued on 10th during the summer and fall, but will be suspended during the hard winter months.

Senator Roach of North Dakota, now here, and an intelligent newspaper correspondent of this city who has just returned from an extended tour through all the extreme Northwestern States, unite in saying to-day that both the old political parties in all those States are united in favor of free silver, and that what has lately occurred in Kentucky and Colorado doesn't change the conditions.

Among the Virginians here to-day is Mr. Marshall McCormick of Clarke county, a member of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, a meeting of which he has just attended, and at which Dr. J. A. Harrison of Washington and Lee University was appointed to the chair of Romance languages and literatures, and Mr. W. H. Parkerson, late adjunct professor of modern languages at the University of Virginia, to the chair of Germanic languages and literatures. The salary of Mr. Garrett, Professor of English, was reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,300. Professor Schele de Vere, late of the chair of Modern Languages at the University, is in this city, and is an applicant for a position as translator in the State Department, with, however, it is reported, poor chances of success.

Senator Stewart said to-day he thinks Senator Blackburn of Kentucky is already defeated for re-election, as the administration has the most perfect organization in the "Dark and Bloody Ground," he ever saw, and that the recent democratic convention in that State was completely in the hands of federal jobbers.

The new steamer Newport News of the Norfolk line, will commence running as a boat on that line to-morrow, and has a large number of her staterooms already engaged for the round trip, one of the most delightful that can be made. As proof of the excellence of the boats of this line the fact is noted that since the N. W. News was built the Washington and the Norfolk have been overhauled, and that after four years and three months of daily use, eight days only were required to put the former, and only two to put the latter, in complete repair.

Willis L. Moore, republican, a local freemason of the Weather Bureau, will be appointed to-day to succeed Prof. Mark W. Harrington as chief of Weather Bureau, who was removed by the President.

By a general order issued last night by General Albert Ordway, commander of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, the National Guard, a crack military organization, and the winner of several valuable prizes in interstate militia drills, has been disbanded. The reason assigned for this action is that the company has fallen below the mark upon inspection and during the recent encampment the numerical strength of the company was below the standard.

The Acting Secretary of State telegraphed the United States consul at Valparaiso to investigate and report on the killing in Peru of an American citizen, L. D. Howser. An answer has been received stating that Mr. Howser was murdered and robbed when on his way to pay the miners employed by the company with which he served as paymaster; that the murderers have been arrested, and that a judicial investigation is proceeding.

Col. Abner Taylor, ex-member of Congress and a leading member of the Farewell Chicago syndicate which built the Texas State Capitol and received in return several million acres of State lands, recently addressed a letter to Secretary of War, criticizing his order for the admission of Mexican cattle over the Texas border without obstructive restrictions. Secretary Taft has given out a reply in which he indulges in some very sarcastic comments upon Col. Abner Taylor and his associates.

The Bureau of Navigation has received preliminary returns, showing that 682 steam and sail vessels were built and documented in the United States during the last fiscal year, compared with 776 in the year preceding, and 1894. Among the notable additions of the year is the "Newport News," the new steamer recently built at Newport News, Virginia, and now running on the Potomac.

According to a dispatch of May 14th last, to the Secretary of State from Minister Delal at Peking, the exact amount of the war indemnity to be paid by China to Japan, under the provisions of the Shimonoeki treaty, amounts to \$28,500,000 Mexican silver dollars.

The North American Review for July has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: Fenimore Cooper's Literary Offences, by Mark Twain; Contemporary Egypt, by Frederic C. Penfield, U. S. Consul General to Egypt; Thirty Years in the Grain Trade, by Egerton R. Williams; How Free Silver Would Affect Us, by E. O. Leach, late Director of the Mint; Wild Traits in Tame Animals, by Dr. Louis Robinson; The Disposal of a City's Waste, by Col. Geo. E. Waring, Commissioner of Street-cleaning of the city of New York; Personal History of the Second Empire, by Albert D. Vandam; "Coin's Financial School" and Its Censors, by W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School"; Degeneration and Evolution, by Dr. Max Nordau; Theodore Roosevelt and Edmund Gosse; New Light on English History, by Edward Porritt; Industrial Future of the South, by Frederic G. Mather; The Need of Better Roads, by Martin Dodge.

The Century Magazine for July has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: William Cullen Bryant, American Rural Festivals, by Mrs. Burton Harrison; A Kitty Story, George William Curtis; Casa Braccio, Corinna's Fiammetta, Bryant and the Berkshire Hills, Old Dutch Masters, The Strike at Mr. Mobley's, Life of Napoleon Bonaparte, Tribulations of a Cheerful Giver; The Future of War, Military Operations as Affected by the New Weapons, by Fitzhugh Lee, The Princess Sonia, A Japanese Life of General Grant, Personal Memories of Robert Louis Stevenson, Picturing the Planets, Two Vice Presidents, John C. Breckinridge and Hannibal Hamlin; Daniel Webster Against Napoleon, Topics of the Time, Open Letters, in Lighter Vein, and some poetry.

The contract for the construction of the Washington and Great Falls Electric Railway has been let to Samuel R. Adams, of Camden, S. C. Work will commence at once north of the Foxhall road on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company's property.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Jones has ordered the discontinuance of the cancelling machines in the various offices.

President Spencer, of the Southern Railway, has bought the securities involving the control of the Cincinnati Southern and the Alabama Great Southern.

Washington military circles were stirred up last evening by the promulgation of an order from National Guard headquarters disbanding the National Fencibles.

Washington Towles, who says he was formerly a slave of Mr. Jefferson Davis, is in the Howard county, Md., jail for cutting the head of another color or man with an axe.

Because Mollie Biers would not marry him Luke Hoy yesterday blew up her house in Lemont, Ill., with dynamite, fatally wounding her, her mother and her aunt.

Three children of Archdeus Cook, at Sergeant, Ky., ate mulberries yesterday, and were poisoned, supposedly by spider eggs. They all died and were buried in one grave.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis was elected an honorary member of the Confederate Veterans' Association of Savannah, Ga., last night. She will be presented with the gold badge of the association.

A slimly-attended democratic convention in Denver, Col., yesterday, adopted resolutions declaring for free silver, and dissenting from the financial policy of the Cleveland administration.

Lightning yesterday struck a building in Hammeid, Sweden, in which ten persons had taken shelter. Seven of them were killed outright, and the other three were hurt so seriously that they will die.

Russia still believes she will obtain the \$80,000,000 loan from China. She has agreed to grant certain modifications of a nature to soothe the susceptibilities and self-esteem of the Chinese in the form of a convention.

Dynamite was put on a Baltimore and Ohio track near Monocacy river Monday night with a view, it is supposed, of blowing up the Chicago express, which is known as the "money train." The attempt failed but the train was badly damaged.

Prof. Mark W. Harrington, chief of the weather bureau, has been relieved from duty, owing to a disagreement with Secretary Morton. James E. Cook, chief clerk of the Weather Bureau, is acting head of the bureau until a successor to Prof. Harrington is appointed.

The statement was made yesterday by Vice President Hugh Craig, of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, that British capitalists will build the Pacific cable. The proposed route is from Auckland, New Zealand, to Vancouver, 6434 miles, almost three times as long as the shortest transatlantic cable. The estimated cost is \$7,585,000.

Miss Fannie Johnson, of New York, tried kidnapping Monday afternoon, and held Cyrus Wheelock, a leading real estate dealer of Buffalo, captive for half an hour. This was long enough to upset the Wheelock household and to develop the story of how Wheelock had maintained two establishments for four years, one in that city and one in New York.

Lord Salisbury's new cabinet held its first meeting yesterday. The Duke of Norfolk, unionist, has been appointed postmaster-general in succession to the Right Hon. Arnold Morley, and Mr. Gerald William Balfour, brother of the Right Hon. A. J. Balfour and a member of Parliament for Central Leeds, has been appointed chief secretary for Ireland. Parliament will be prorogued Saturday.

W. H. Denton, of Markham, I. T., has leased the Petaca grant for ten years and will immediately ship his 27,000 head of cattle to Las Vegas, and from there he will drive them to the grant. He will take twenty families with him, aside from his cowboys. There are 180,000 acres in the Petaca grant. The property is owned by ex-Congressman Farwell, of Iowa.

Trouble has broken out between the Catholic University authorities and the carpenters employed on the McMahon Hall of philosophy in Washington and, in consequence, all the union men employed have been called off the work. The trouble arose over the fact that Superintendent Brady, who is in charge of the work, has been paying only \$2.50 a day, while the men claim that the regular union rate is \$2.80 a day.

The Southern Pacific overland train, north-bound, was stopped Monday night at 10:15 o'clock by three highwaymen at the north end of a canyon, just south of Riddle's Station, Oregon, and thoroughly robbed. Sticks of dynamite were placed on the rails which disabled the engine by blowing the flanges off the pony truck and brought the train to a stop. The express and mail cars were rifled and the passengers were searched.

A WEDDING IN FAUQUIER.—Cool Spring Church, Delaplane, was the scene of a lovely wedding on the 26th ult., the contracting parties being Edith M. Lehigh, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Shacklett, and Jackson Ashley Lehigh, of Charlottesville. The ceremony was performed in a most impressive manner by Rev. H. M. Strickland. The church was beautifully decorated with palms, evergreens and cut flowers. The bride party entered the church to the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played in a fine manner by Mrs. C. H. Smithers, of Charlottesville. The bride party, as they formed a semicircle around the altar, made a picture long to be remembered. The bride looked charming in a traveling suit of pearl gray cloth. Her bouquet was of Mareschal Niel roses. Miss Lily Shacklett, the bride's sister, acted as maid of honor, and Mr. Geo. Lehigh, of Alexandria, brother of the groom, acted as best man. Miss Mable Stokes, one of Brooklyn's fairest daughters, and a cousin of the bride, was bridesmaid, her escort being Mr. Harry Shacklett, brother of the bride. The ushers were Messrs. Henry Peifer, John W. Delaplane, Albert Green and Edith Shacklett. A wedding breakfast at the home of the bride preceded the church services, and was served as only an old Virginia family can serve one. The immediate family and home party were the only guests. The presents were numerous and costly and show how highly the young couple are thought of. Mr. and Mrs. Lehigh left on the evening train amid a shower of good wishes, rice and old shoes for a trip through the North before going to Charlottesville, their future home. The young couple will stop a few weeks with the bride's parents, in Delaplane, where they will be pleased to see their friends.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Robert Hoff, a leading stock-raiser of Roanoke county, is dead.

There was a cloudburst in Stafford county Monday night that did great damage to the crops.

John W. Alby, for many years a prominent merchant of Staunton, died suddenly at that place yesterday.

Mrs. Augusta Rosser, wife of Carl Rosser, editor of the *Folk's Tribune*, of Washington, died at Dranesville on Monday.

The grist mill of W. J. Bradburg, near Nassau's station, Orange county, was totally destroyed by fire about 9 o'clock Monday night. Loss, \$3,000; insurance, \$1,500.

Miss Lelia Anna Young, youngest daughter of Daniel Young, esq., of Berryville, and Mr. Geo. M. Laws, of Boyce, Clarke county, were married at Berryville on Tuesday.

The Prote-tant Episcopal parishes of Vienna and Falls Church have extended a call to Rev. R. A. A. Castleman, of Herndon, to become their rector, and it is thought he will accept.

Dogs got into the fine flock of sheep belonging to Mr. F. W. Smith, of Fall Hill, near Fredericksburg on Monday, and killed several. Mr. Smith succeeded in killing two of the dogs.

The assessment of land in King George county shows an increase over the old assessment of \$3,912. The decrease in the assessed value of Stafford county over the last assessment is about \$103,000.

Miss Mary McGregor Murkland, daughter of Mr. S. R. Murkland, of Lynchburg, was married yesterday in Baltimore to Mr. Wilson Lee Camden, nephew of Senator Camden, of West Virginia.

Marriage licenses were issued in Washington yesterday to Carril Dodd and Blanche E. Lucas, both of Westmoreland county, and to George C. Walker, of Fairfax county, and Mary E. Gibson, of Nelson county.

The criminal expenses of counties in this section paid by the State of Virginia are as follows: Spottsylvania, \$282; Northumberland, \$383; Rappahannock, \$381; Madison, \$708; Orange, \$743; Richmond, \$583; Culpeper, \$1,963; Fauquier, \$2,260; Loudoun, \$2,177.

An engineer corps, under the direction of Mr. Lewis B. Williams, are surveying a route for a railroad from Orange to deep water. The corps are following the line of the narrow-gauge Petersburg, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, to Mugs, thence to Lahore and on southeast.

Daniel Turner, a well known and respected citizen of Clarke county, was found last Saturday lying a short distance from the river, near Castleman's Ferry, in an unconscious condition, with several dangerous wounds about the throat, he having inflicted the same with a dull knife in a moment of despondency.

Capt. Thomas B. Fry, a prominent citizen of Madison county, died at his residence yesterday, aged fifty-eight years. During the late civil war he commanded Company A, Seventh Virginia Regiment, Kemper's Brigade of Pickett's Division. He also represented Madison county, two terms in the Virginia Legislature.

John L. Borthwick, chief engineer of the U. S. ship *Amphitrite*, cut his throat at the Hygeia Hotel, Old Point, yesterday evening. He was taken to the naval hospital and attended by surgeons. He is alive but the extent of his injuries cannot be learned. A later dispatch says the wound is not necessarily fatal.

The taking of testimony for the defense in the Massey-Pilot libel suit at Norfolk was continued yesterday. The court having had his attention called to the reporters that incorrect reports are common of court and if it occurs again may be the cause of action by the court. The proceedings yesterday were devoid of special interest.

The opening exercises of the State Normal School took place at Charlottesville yesterday evening. Prof. Charles H. Winston, of Richmond College, is the conductor, who responded to the address of welcome by Mayor John S. Patton. Dr. W. C. N. Randolph, rector of the University of Virginia, also made an address. About 250 teachers are present, including several from this city.

A horrible wife-murder and attempt at suicide, which will prove successful, occurred early yesterday morning at Dawn, in Caroline county. Edgar Phillips, a rather worthless but peaceable white man, with his wife and son, have lived for some time near Mrs. E. Y. Seay's store. Yesterday morning screams were heard at Phillips's house. Mr. James Head went there and found Mrs. Phillips dead. She had been stabbed and horribly mutilated by her husband. Near the wife lay the husband, who had cut open his abdomen in several places. The third victim was the 10-year-old son, whose stomach was cut open, and who was stabbed through the arm.

A dispatch from Pocahontas says: "The union strikers on the Elkhorn yesterday morning proceeded to the Lick Branch mines in a body and compelled every man, with his goods and chattels, to form in line. They then started on a line of march up the Elkhorn, gathering in every non-union man they could catch, and proceeded through the big tunnel to Bluestone junction, where they reached the prisoners to take the railroad and pursue an easterly course, giving them gentle admonitions that if they were caught again on the Elkhorn they would be severely dealt with. Operators are bringing in new men by every train, but the union strikers either persuade them to join their body or frighten them away as fast as they come."

BASEBALL.—The baseball games of yesterday resulted as follows: Baltimore 15, Washington 12; New York 11, Philadelphia 8; Boston 12, Pittsburgh 9; Cleveland 13, Louisville 5. The following is the standing of the clubs:

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	32	19	.627
Pittsburgh	32	20	.615
Boston	35	21	.620
Cleveland	24	24	.500
Chicago	36	26	.581
Cincinnati	31	24	.564
Philadelphia	30	24	.556
Brooklyn	30	25	.545
New York	26	29	.473
Washington	22	29	.433
St. Louis	14	41	.305
Louisville	8	46	.148

The North German Lloyd steamer *Stuttgart*, which arrived at New York last night from Bremen, was in collision with an English coal-laden schooner on the morning of June 22 in the English Channel. The schooner's hull was crushed in and she sank in five minutes. All hands were saved.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

ROME, July 3.—Rsv. J. A. Forest has been officially appointed Roman Catholic Bishop of San Antonio, Tex. Archbishop Riordan, of San Francisco, is expected here shortly to present and discuss his plans for reorganization of his seminary.

FRIEDRICHSHAGEN, July 3.—Prince Bismarck is much better this morning and is in no respect in a dangerous or even a serious condition.

LONDON, July 3.—The race for the Plantation stakes at New Market to-day was won by Mr. J. Porter's two-year-old colt Chinkara. Mr. Richard Croker's colt Montauk was one of the starters, but ran unplaced.

LONDON, July 3.—Mr. Gladstone's promised letter to his Midlothian constituents in connection with his retirement from political life, was published to-day. He says an overwhelming proportion of the reforms during the present century have been effected by the direct action of the liberal party and trusts that the electors of Midlothian will continue to lead the people of Scotland in the future as they have in the past.

Divorce Suit.

LONDON, July 3.—The trial of the action for divorce brought against her husband by the novelist, Mrs. Craigie, known to the literary world as "John Oliver Hobbs," was begun before Justice Sir Francis Jeune this morning. Mrs. Craigie accuses her husband of cruelty and adultery. In her complaint she sets forth that her maiden name was Pearl Richards. She was born in the United States and married her husband in 1887, when she was 19 years of age, her husband being an official in the Bank of England. During the first fortnight of their honeymoon, which was spent in the south of France, she had suffered in health as the result of her relations with him and subsequently he had threatened to shoot her. Mrs. Craigie also alleges in her complaint that her husband had repeatedly given his friends to understand that she had given her consent to his liaisons with other women. Mrs. Craigie, who was richly dressed in brown silk, showed much emotion as she was called to the witness stand.

The Valkyrie Defeated.

GOURK, July 3.—Valkyrie III, the challenger for the America's cup, and the Britannia and Ailsa started in the regatta this morning, on the Clyde, in a rattling northwest wind, that gave them a splendid chance to test their comparative capabilities. The course was 50 miles, with seven turns. The trio were having a magnificent race, outstripping some of the steam yachts of the attending fleet. The cup challenger and the Ailsa were too heavily canvassed, as they heeled way over, while the Britannia was standing up like a church. Occasionally, when the wind softened, the Valkyrie would rush forward, threatened to overhaul the leaders, but she would lose in the blasts that bore her far over. The Britannia finished one minute and ten seconds ahead of the Ailsa and three minutes and eight seconds ahead of the Valkyrie.

Explosion and Fire.

LYNN, Mass., July 3.—At 10:50 this morning there was an explosion of fire works in front of the L. A. May Company's store at the temporary counter erected outside the store on the sidewalk. Immediately the whole mass of fire works was ablaze, cannon crackers, bombs, etc., startled everybody in the neighborhood. The flames communicated to the store and spread with alarming rapidity. Half an hour after the fire works exploded the entire block, which is four stories, was a mass of flames. At 12 o'clock the fire was under control and confined to the Sagamore Hotel block where the ill-fated store was situated. It is thought that everybody escaped from the building with possibly one exception, an old man, who has not been accounted for as yet. The total loss will reach \$100,000.

The Southern Railway.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Reports yesterday had it that the Southern Railway has laid its plans for the absorption of the Seaboard Air Line, though the rumor is not believed. Such a move on the part of the Southern Railway would give it practically a monopoly of the southeastern trade, especially the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida, where the Seaboard Air Line is its only dangerous competitor. The laws of Georgia would be the greatest stumbling block in the way of such a move, as once before when the South-eastern, then known as the Richmond Terminal, scooped every road in the State, it was compelled to release one, the Western and Atlantic, to allow the competition provided for by statute.

Striking Miners in Distress.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 3.—A delegation of striking miners from the Elkhorn region along the Norfolk and Western Railroad arrived here this morning for the purpose of circulating about the State and obtaining money and provisions for the men who are out of work in that region and who are numbered by the hundreds. They say that the condition among the strikers is deplorable and that the suffering for food is intense. A carload of stuff was obtained here for them.

A Setback.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 3.—State Comptroller Finley yesterday gave the projectors of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest, at Dallas, a setback. He says that after careful consideration he has reached the conclusion that, while the act of 1889 provided for an occupation tax of \$500 for every fight between man and man, the legislature of this State has by subsequent enactment made it unlawful for any person to voluntarily engage in a pugilistic encounter for money.

McClure's Magazine for July has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: The Projectors of the Atlantic cable, The Telegraph Systems of the World, The Man of Monceaux, Edward Kemeys, The Rise and Overthrow of the Tweed Ring, A Flash of Daring, Possibility of Life on Other Worlds, On the Engine of a London and Paris Express, The Roll-Call of the Reef, A Poem to Robert Louis Stevenson, Robert Louis Stevenson's Address to the Samoan Chiefs, The Will of Robert Louis Stevenson, The American Exchange Bank Robbery, and McClure's Magazine at Ten Cent.

Oliver Curtis Perry, the train robber, arrived safely at Auburn prison this morning.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Speaker John Meyer, of the Illinois House of Representatives, died at Freeport, Ill., this morning of nervous prostration, though he suffered from a chronic ailment.

The eviction of settlers from the reservation at Emerson, Neb., has commenced in earnest. Seventy-five Indian police are now on duty and five hundred will be sworn in to-day.

A boiler explosion in the roller mills at Howard, S. D., yesterday, almost destroyed the building, killed the engineer and seriously injured five other people, three of them probably fatally.

Four of the five men who held up the paymaster of the Nacacapi Copper Company June 13 were captured by the authorities of the State of Sonora, Mexico, and Sunday they were taken to the scene of their crime and shot to death.

For the first time in five years there is not an open saloon in Atchison, Kan. The Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, acting upon positive instructions from Gov. Morrill, ordered all saloons to close at 12 o'clock last night and remain thereafter.

Father Francalon, of the diocese of Colorado, reached Chicago yesterday, and brings direct from the Pope and the propaganda assurance that Bishop Matz will be sustained in his position on the school question, and will not be permitted to lay down his episcopal duties.

The Gayoso Hotel, at Memphis, Tenn., went into the hands of a receiver to-day. This hotel was Grant and Sherman's headquarters during the war and was raided by Forrest when he raided Memphis, then held by Washburn. Washburn escaped to the river in his nightclothes.

The Iron Trade Review will say to-morrow: With all wage scales settled, the iron trade enters upon the second half of the year with prospects of the heaviest summer output in years. Structural mills, plate and bar mills, east and west, are well supplied with orders and rail mills have a tonnage before them that is in decided contrast to their beggarly orders a year ago.

A double murder is reported from Garvin Post Office, Okla. Noel Gardner was to be married to Miss Durant Monday, but her brother, Rudolph Durant, objected to the marriage, and when Gardner and Cephas Garvin, a cousin of the young lady, called at the home Saturday the brother met them at the door and shot and killed them both. Durant then fled to the woods and escaped.

John Carazzi, who murdered Roy Bonner, a colored blacksmith, in Los Angeles, Cal., on December 20, 1894, was arrested at Newark, N. J., this morning. Carazzi was charged with the crime by Pinkerton detectives who lost the trail at Pittsburg. Carazzi fled Newark in 1893, after stabbing Donato Scarponi.

It is reported that Mrs. Leland Stanford will soon go to Europe to sell her jewels so that she may apply the proceeds to carrying on the Leland Stanford Jr. University, at Palo Alto, Cal. The need of ready money is given as the object. The jewels are valued at \$1,000,000.

The determined but unsuccessful attempts were made last night to burn the Mecca apartment building in Chicago, occupying an entire block. The structure is valued at \$500,000.

MURDERER LYNCHED.

Marshall E. Price, the murderer of little Sallie E. Dean, near Harmony, Md., was taken from the county jail at Denton last night by a crowd of masked men, and hanged to a tree near the jail. Price was to have been executed on Friday, but yesterday morning Sheriff Berry received a telegram announcing that Governor Brown, acting on the advice of Attorney General Poe, had granted a reprieve until the Court of Appeals could pass upon the case. When this became known the general discontent which had begun to manifest itself as soon as the appeal proceedings were commenced broke into a storm, and a strong lynching party was quickly and quietly organized. When Sheriff Berry yesterday morning received official notice of the reprieve he withdrew the death watch, and the jail, which is a poorly constructed affair, was left practically unguarded. It could not have been defended against a determined mob, however, except by a strong armed force.

About 10 o'clock last night a crowd of strangers began gathering in town, and their presence created much excitement among the citizens, who had not retired to rest. Sheriff Berry was notified and he and his deputies gathered at the jail, determined to defend the prisoner to the last. An effort was made to find some avenue of escape by which Price could be taken from the reach of the avenging mob, but every street leading from the jail was found to be closely guarded by a strong force. A delegation from the lynchers, all masked, waited upon Sheriff Berry, and notified him not to attempt to remove the prisoner. Then it was known that the attempt at lynching, which had been rumored for several days would be made, was near at hand.

Price had been resting quietly in his cell during the early part of the evening; but the sudden and unexpected appearance of the sheriff and his deputies warned him that something unusual was transpiring. The prisoner became much excited. Finally one of the guards told him of the threatening mob about the jail, and he cried out: "For God's sake, let me out. I will hide; I will not run away." The lynchers completed their arrangements about eleven o'clock, and in a body advanced upon the jail, and surrounded it. They demanded the keys from Sheriff Berry, and when that officer declined to give them up, they easily knocked open the door. Once inside, the guards were quickly overpowered, and soon Price's cell was reached. The prisoner was in a pitiable state of excitement and fright, and his condition was such that it was an easy matter to get him out of the jail. A rope was thrown over his head, he was hurried to a tree near the jail and strung up without delay. The mob stood around for some time, watching the dying man swinging in the moonlight, and when it was known that he was dead, all quietly departed.

Gov. Brown, when informed of the lynching of Price, said that he considered it a great misfortune that the law was not allowed to take its course. In granting the reprieve, he said, he had only taken the one course to be pursued. An exception had not been filed by Price's counsel, and these had been taken to the Court of Appeals. As this was necessary according to law, he could not do otherwise than grant the reprieve. He recounted the suggestion made in his message to the General Assembly of incarcerating in the penitentiary in Baltimore all prisoners under sentence of death.

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